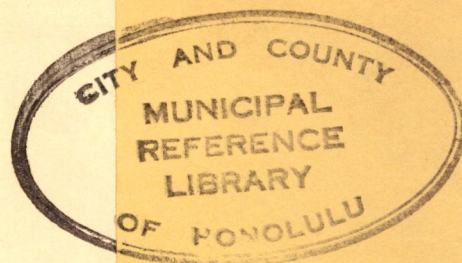


THE MAYOR'S REPORT - 1960  
City and County of Honolulu  
Office of the Mayor  
June , 1961



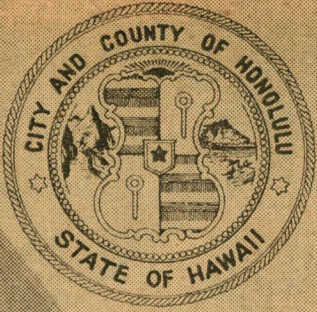
**For Reference**

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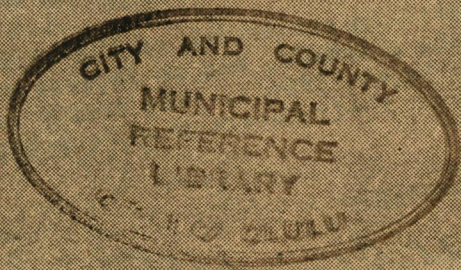
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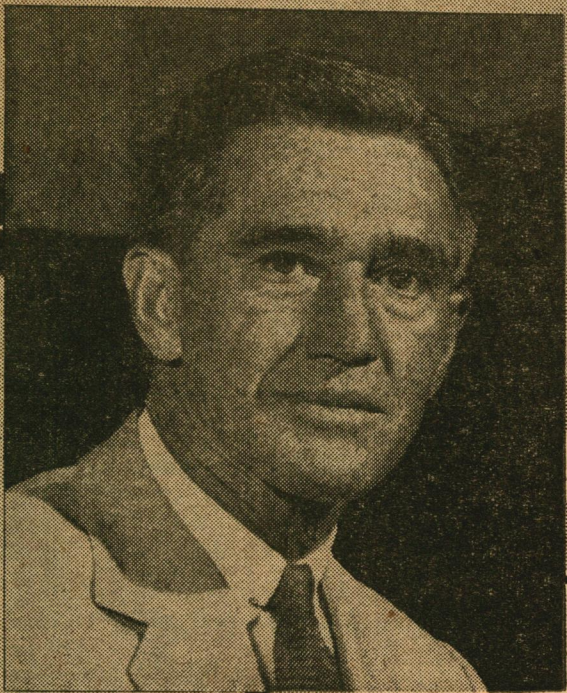


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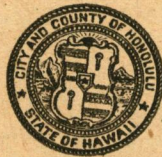


# THE MAYOR'S REPORT 1960





NEAL S. BLAISDELL  
MAYOR



CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR  
HONOLULU 15, HAWAII

To The People Of The  
City and County of Honolulu

Fellow Citizens and Friends:

I present this annual report for 1960 with pride in the solid accomplishments of our City and County departments.

In many areas of municipal operations, new records were reached, and in the over-all effort, progress was made in all branches of public works and services. Our Capital Improvement program was the largest in the history of Honolulu.

The year brought records in school projects completed, sewer installations, expansion of water service, increases in off-street parking facilities, and improvements in street lighting.

Major projects included the new City and County Jail which neared completion in Halawa Valley, the remodeling of the old Sears building, and the Kaneohe sewage treatment plant. The Honolulu Redevelopment Agency projects, Queen Emma, Kukui, Kokea, Aala Triangle and Paki, advanced toward realization during the year.

Under the new City Charter, many changes were made in departmental operations that resulted in increased efficiency and savings.

One of the most significant achievements of 1960 was presentation of a 20-year Master Plan for Oahu, which will assure orderly development of the entire island as our population moves toward the million mark.

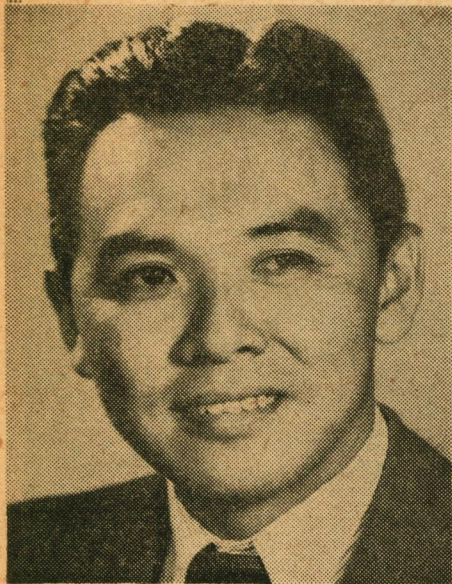
This past year represents an evaluation of the rapid growth of the 1950's, a redefining of goals, and an impressive start toward fulfillment of them in the 1960's. The people of Honolulu are to be congratulated on their interest and support, which insure continued progress.

Sincerely,

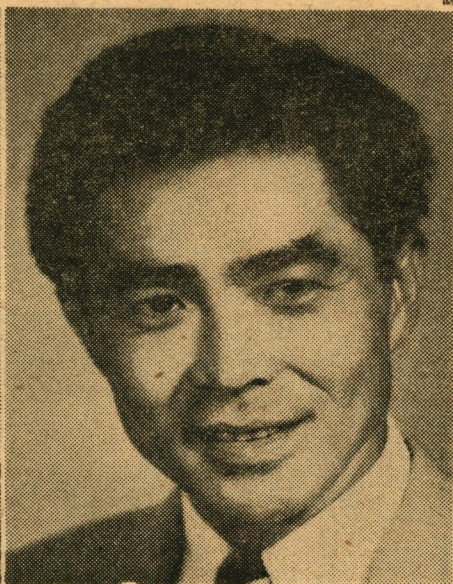
NEAL S. BLAISDELL  
Mayor



# City-County Council



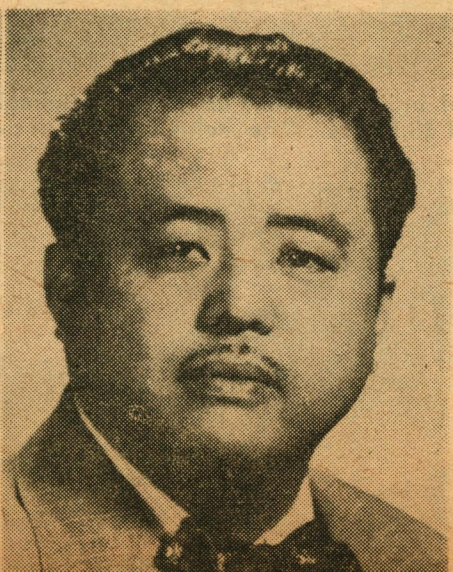
CLESSON Y. CHIKASUYE



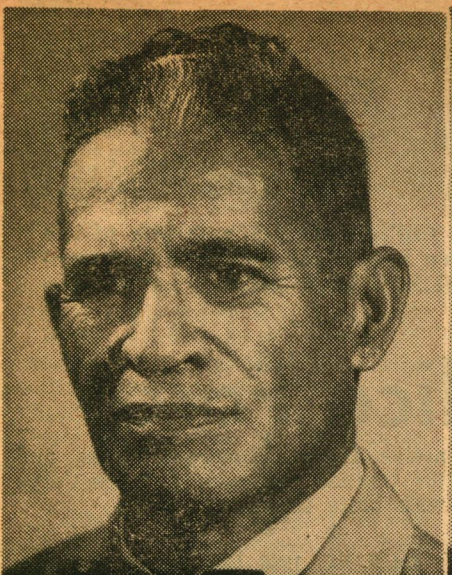
MASATO DOI



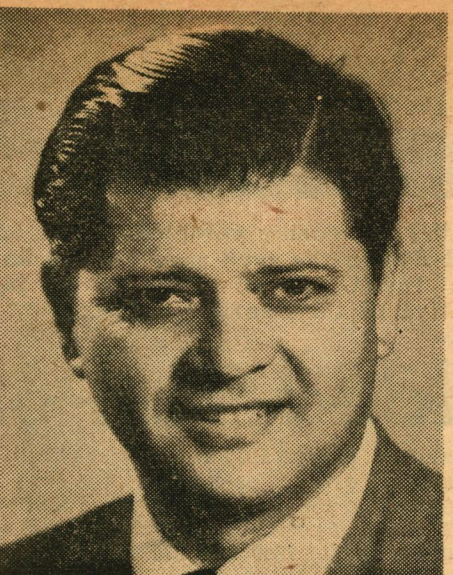
ERNEST N. HEEN



RICHARD M. KAGEYAMA



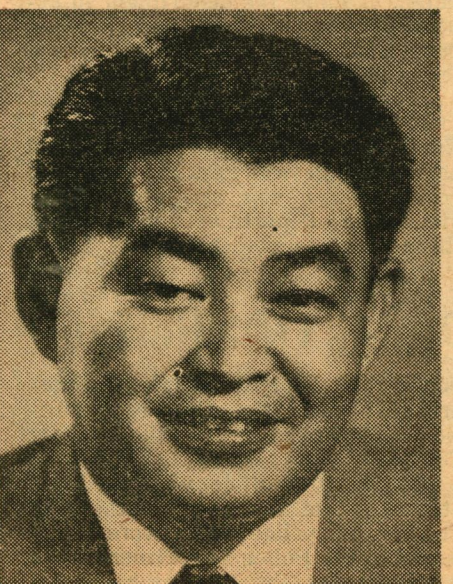
NOBLE K. KAUHANE  
(Died May 19, 1960)



HERMAN G. P. LEMKE



MRS. EILEEN LOTA  
(Appointed June 1, 1960)



MATSUO TAKABUKI

## Nine-Member Council Elected By Isle Voters

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1960

The first City and County Council as provided by the City Charter was elected in November of 1960 to take office on Jan. 2, 1961. It included six members elected at large and one each from the 8th, 9th and 10th representative districts.

Elected were: At large, Clesson Y. Chikasuye, Masato Doi, Ernest N. Heen, Richard M. Kageyama, Herman G. P. Lemke and Matsuo Takabuki; 8th district, William K. Amona; 9th district, Yoshiro Nakamura; 10th district, Ben F. Kaito.

\* \* \* \*

THE NAME of the Board of Supervisors, however, was changed to Council in July, 1959, when the Charter was adopted, although the organization remained the same through 1960.

Honolulu's first councilwoman, Mrs. Eileen Lota, took office on June 1, 1960, and served through Dec. 31. She was appointed by the Council to fill the vacancy created by the death of her father, Noble Kauhane, who had been a member

of the Board of Supervisors since 1945. He died on May 19, 1960.

\* \* \* \*

THE COUNCIL held 56 meetings, 34 public hearings and acted on 805 messages from the Mayor during the year. It also passed 2,841 committee reports, adopted 399 resolutions and enacted 164 ordinances.

Among actions taken by the Council were the following:

Adopted a general master plan for the entire Waimanalo area.

Authorized the installation of sewers for Aiea Heights, Maunalani Heights, Pacific Heights and the Kaneohe area.

\* \* \* \*

INITIATED STEPS to create an improvement district for Palolo Valley.

Rezoned a portion of Waialae Iki from a residential to hotel and apartment district.

Adopted curbs on drag racing and additional safety measures for school buses.

Extended rent control through December, 1961.

## Presidential Election Busy Time For Clerk

A record number of voters registered with the Office of the Clerk during 1960.

The fact that the voters of the City and County participated for the first time in the election of the President of the United States undoubtedly accounted for the large number of voters registered.

\* \* \* \*

THE TOTAL registered for the primary election was 137,619, an increase of 14,321 over that for the first State primary held in 1959 and an increase of 6,908 over the number for the first State general election.

For the general election, a total of 147,123 voters was registered with 136,800 actually voting, or a 92.9 per cent turn-out. This was .32 per cent below the high of 93.3 per cent for the State general election in 1959.

\* \* \* \*

THERE ALSO was an unprecedented

ed interest in absentee voting. "Absentee" ballots were mailed to nearly all parts of the globe, including a number to the United States Navy operation "Deep Freeze" in the Antarctic.

The City and County Clerk, in addition to being the registrar of voters and administrator of city elections, serves as ex-officio secretary of three pension funds in the municipal government. He also issues plans and specifications for various city projects to prospective bidders and all bids for city projects are opened in his office.

\* \* \* \*

THE OFFICE of the City and County Clerk was abolished as an elective office at the end of the year by the City Charter. A City Clerk and a Deputy City Clerk were appointed by the City Council for 1961.

## Library Wins National Recognition

Honolulu's Municipal Reference Library was given national recognition during 1960 when it was chosen by the Library of Congress as one of 30 U. S. city libraries whose documents will be made part of a permanent collection in Washington, D. C.

\* \* \* \*

THE LIBRARY, on the third floor of City Hall, also is one of 16 municipal libraries in large Mainland cities participating in an exchange program of documents, departmental reports and other governmental activities.

During 1960 the library served

7,638 persons and made 7,466 loans, an increase of 10 per cent and 18 per cent, respectively, over 1959.

\* \* \* \*

THE COLLECTION was increased by 1,865 titles, including textbooks, publications on all functions of city government, and reports of municipal activities on the Mainland. The total collection numbers 19,214 books and pamphlets on matters ranging from administrative policy to study materials for Civil Service examinations, as well as technical information in every field of municipal operation.

## On The Cover

The new municipal building at 1455 South Beretania St. Formerly the Sears building, it was remodeled at a cost of \$1,322,000, the work beginning in 1960. It houses offices for the Police Department, Fire Department, the Liquor Commission, the Parks and Recreation Department, and the Emergency Division of the Health Department.



# City Completes 82 School Projects

## Building Boom Is Greatest In Island History

Supervision of the biggest school and municipal building planning and construction program in the City's history highlighted the activities of the Building Department during 1960.

At the same time it served the greatest construction boom experienced by the City and County and pushed forward in the code enforcement of existing buildings and the Urban Renewal Rehabilitation program.

\* \* \* \*

**DIRECTING** the department's work was Ralph S. Inouye, building superintendent, who resigned at the end of the year and was succeeded by Tsutomu Izumi.

Eighty-two school construction projects were completed in 1960 at a total expenditure of \$8,163,747. In addition, 41 projects were started for expected completion in 1961 at a total cost of approximately \$9,700,000.

\* \* \* \*

**CONSTRUCTION** during the past year made available 246 new classrooms, one administration building, seven dining rooms and kitchens, one library, two music rooms, 13 physical education facilities, six shops and 49 miscellaneous improvements.

Planning was started also on 46 projects to be constructed in 1961 at a total cost of about \$12,400,000.

Major municipal buildings constructed or renovated included the start of construction of the City Jail, four fire stations and courthouses and renovation of the former Sears and Roebuck building at a total cost of \$3,350,547.

\* \* \* \*

**IN THE** stepped-up program for safe structures, the Code Enforcement Section inspected and filed reports on 42 buildings during the year. Twenty-one buildings were condemned as being structurally unsound and otherwise unfit for continued occupancy. The remaining 21 buildings were considered to be in reasonably safe condition but were mandated to be repaired if occupancy were to be continued.

The Urban Renewal Section, which administers, maintains and enforces the building conservation and rehabilitation program, was given an intensified training program in 1960, covering subjects such as building, electrical, plumbing, fire and health standards, zoning, and financing for home repairs or improvements.

During the latter part of the year, this section commenced field activity in a pilot area bounded by Date Street, Manoa-Palolo Stream, Waialae Avenue and Kapahulu Avenue.

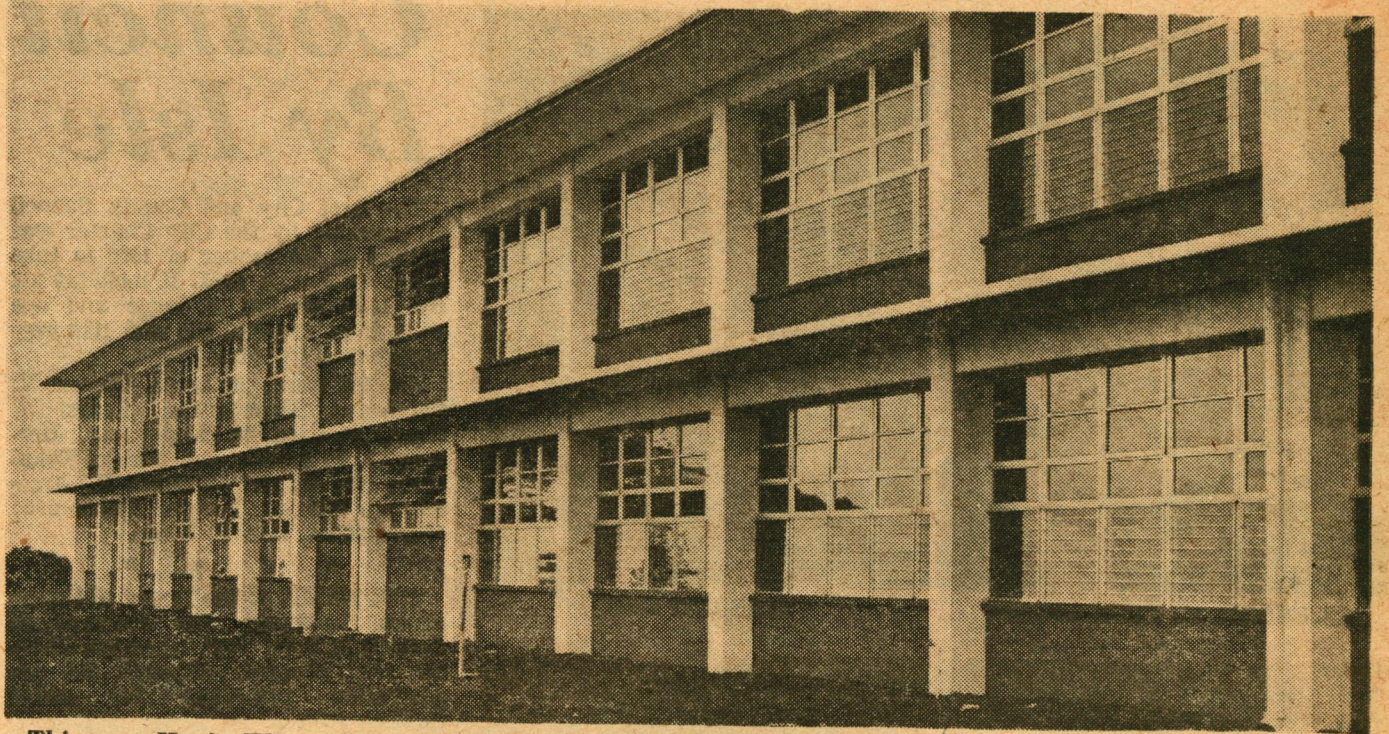
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**A TOTAL** of 29,739 permits, including building, plumbing, electrical and gas, were issued. Of these, 13,157 were for buildings at a record total cost of \$164,000,000, or \$35,000,000 more than in 1959, the best previous year, when 11,078 permits were issued with a total value of \$129,000,000.

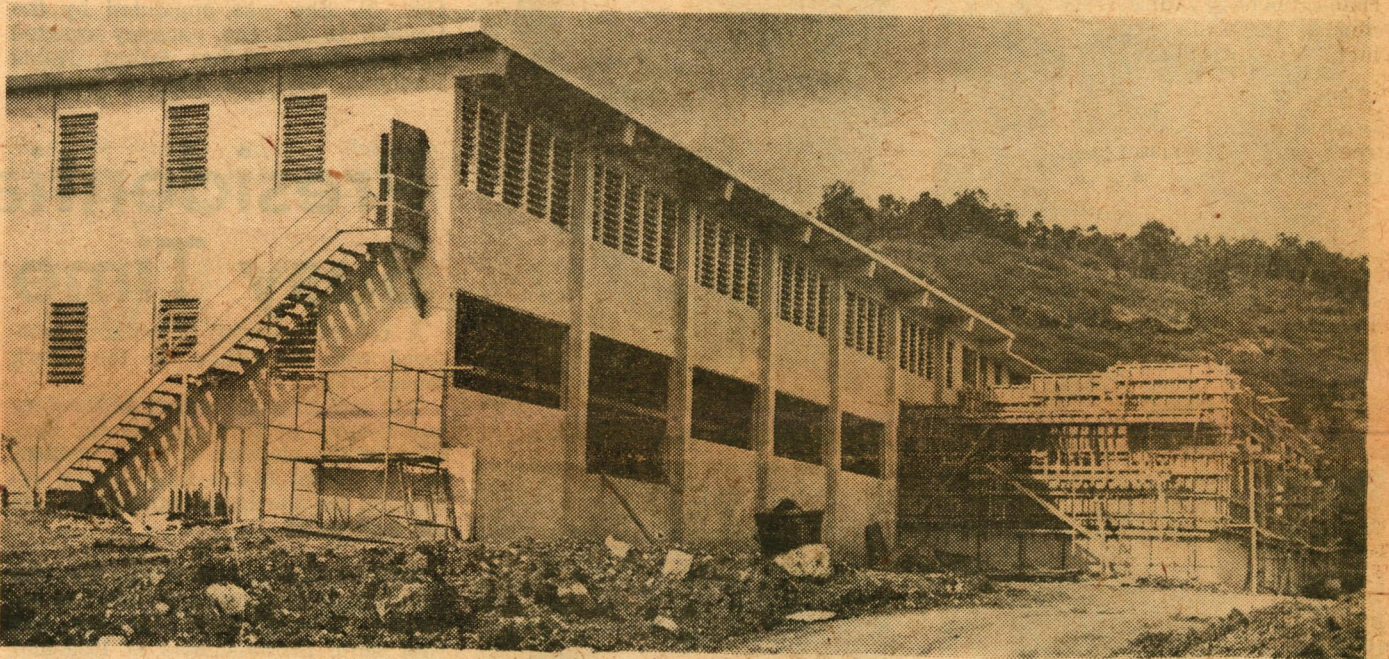
Permits for dwellings totaled 8,987, with an estimated value of \$93,610,406, while permits for business structures totaled 260, valued at \$32,663,055.

Revenues from permit fees increased from \$420,210 in 1959 to \$525,295 in 1960.

The department spent \$2,737,894 to maintain, equip and improve 124 public schools and 90 public buildings.



This new Heeia Elementary School building was one of the 82 school construction projects completed in 1960 at a total expenditure of \$8,163,747. The school construction program made available a total of 246 new classrooms.



The City's new jail in Halawa Valley is nearing completion. The \$2 million project was one of the major municipal buildings started during the past year. It will have space for 230 inmates compared to 150 at the present jail at Iwilei. Administration of the jail has been taken over by the Police Department with the abolition of the Sheriff's office.

## 56 Men Added To Police Force

The year opening the "decade of the Sixties" proved to be an exceedingly busy and challenging one for the Honolulu Police Department.

Aside from the duties of regular operations, department officials had to prepare for two important changes scheduled for the beginning of 1961. These included moving the entire metropolitan police force to its new headquarters in the new Municipal Building on Beretania Street, almost completely renovated by the end of 1960, and the new responsibility of the Sheriff's functions assigned to the Police Department under the City Charter.

\* \* \* \*  
**MANPOWER STRENGTH** was in-

creased during 1960 from 540 police and 116 civilian positions at the beginning of the year to 598 police and 113 civilian positions. Actual strength at the end of 1960 was 574 policemen and police women and 109 civilians. The Civil Service Department conducted a year-round recruitment campaign, enabling the department to appoint 56 new policemen and 17 police cadets, as well as several clerical technicians.

More police officers were assigned to Pearl City, Waianae, Wahiawa and Kaneohe, communities with rapid population growth. Additional police coverage also was assigned to Wai-iki. The department was aided through the volunteer services of 100

active Police Reserve Officers, and the Civilian Emergency Police Corps with units throughout Oahu.

\* \* \* \*

**DURING 1960** the Island of Oahu experienced 12,986 major crimes, an increase of 2.7 per cent over 1959. Although the actual number of crimes had risen, the crime rate for major offenses dropped to 2,595 per 100,000 population, as compared to 2,714 in 1959. This decline was in contrast to the increasing national average crime rate.

Juvenile arrests totaled 5,515, an increase of 260 over 1959. Approximately 400 juvenile traffic violators were sent to a police-conducted school to learn the rules of the road.

\* \* \* \*

**WORK WITH YOUTH** was carried on to a high degree by police officers, who supervised 6,200 JPO's and directed the Police Activities League program in which 3,000 children participated.

The Police Department also formed a Parents Patrol adjunct to the JPO organization, the first unit including mothers of pupils at the Iroquois elementary school.

Another new program was the training of dogs to accompany and assist beat officers on patrol.

## Police Take Over Duties Of Sheriff

Start of construction of the new City and County jail in Halawa Valley highlighted the activities of the office of the Sheriff during 1960.

Although construction of the building is to be completed in 1961, it will not be occupied until January, 1962, after installations of water, electricity and telephone facilities.

Other functions of the Sheriff's of-

fice included the Weights and Measures Division, the Coroner's Division and the bailiffs of the District Courts.

The Sheriff's office was abolished at the end of the year by the City Charter. Its police duties were transferred to the Police Department while the duties of the coroner were assigned to the newly created office of the Medical Examiner.



# Downtown Slum Sections Undergo Major Face-Lifting

The Honolulu Redevelopment Agency concentrated primarily on slum clearances projects in central Honolulu during 1960. These included the Queen Emma, Kukui, Aala Triangle and Kauluwela projects, which were in various stages of progress by the end of the year.

Land acquisition and relocation programs for the Queen Emma project were 90 per cent completed and six proposals for redevelopment of a portion of the area were received from private organizations. The Queen Emma project comprises 73.8 acres in an area bounded by School, Queen Emma, Vineyard, Fort, and Kukui streets, College Walk and the Nuuanu Stream.

FEDERAL approval of the Kukui Project, adjacent to the Queen Emma site, was received. The 75-acre Kukui Project, which also will include high-rise apartments and a commercial area, is bounded by Liliha, Vineyard, College Walk, Kukui, Queen Emma, Beretania and King Streets.

Initial approval by the Federal Urban Renewal Administration was given to the Aala Triangle Project, which would replace 4.1 acres of densely-populated slum and shop buildings with a park. The Triangle is bounded by Beretania and King Streets and the existing Aala Park.

FEASIBILITY studies were started for the Kauluwela Project, mauka of the Kukui Project site. This area of 29.9 acres, bounded by School, Vineyard and Liliha Streets and Nuuanu Stream, would be developed for apartment dwellings.

Construction of the Kokea Project was nearly completed by the end of 1960. The area, 2.8 acres on the Wai-kiki side of Kokea Street between King and the proposed Lunalilo freeway, was leased on a long-term basis by Bishop Estates to Hirano Brothers, who developed the 108 apartment units under HRA specifications, and will maintain them for seven years under HRA regulations. Kokea apartments were constructed to house families displaced by government projects. Studies have been started for several additional low-cost hous-



Housing for persons displaced by government projects is provided by the Kokea Apartments located along the Kapalama Canal mauka of King St. Pictured is one of the nine apartment buildings which represent a total of 108 units. The project is sponsored by the Honolulu Redevelopment Agency and administered by Urban Property Management.

ing projects, developed by private capital and rented under HRA supervision.

FOLLOWING approval by the City Council, action will be taken to obtain Federal financial assistance for two other projects, the Paki rehabili-

tation and the Kapahulu general neighborhood renewal programs. The Kalihi Triangle Project, which provides for voluntary renewal by property owners under an improvement district with technical assistance by the HRA, also is expected to be underway in 1961.

## Thrift Marks Operations Of Road Division

Increased efficiency enabled the Division of Road Maintenance to maintain more than 800 miles of roadways, undertake several special reconstruction projects and purchase \$77,000 in new equipment while under-spending its total budget appropriation for the year.

SOME OF THE more important projects during the year included reconstruction of Long Bridge at Wai-alua; restoration of a slope at the Wilson Tunnel approach; Pauoa stream channel walls; the Kuhio Beach seawall; Palace Square parking lot; Manoa Park entrance; resurfacing of Nehoa and Auwailimu, and widening of Kaneohe Bay Drive.

Regular duties of the Division include street patching; repairs to sidewalks, curbs and gutters; bridge repairs; cantonneering of roadside vegetation; storm drain cleaning and flushing; repairs to catch-basins and manholes; trench patching for utilities and contractors, and constructing access roads to municipal sites.

IN ADDITION, the Division cooperates with community agencies in clean-up drives and tree-planting, and attends to emergency situations caused by heavy rains or tidal waves.

Through savings in reduced costs and increased labor efficiency, the Division was able to purchase a bulldozer, paving machine, tandem roller and combination loader, and a backhoe and compressor. The physical facilities were augmented under the 1960 capital improvements program by a garage addition at the Honolulu Corporation Yard. Contracts for new buildings at the Wahiawa and Laie Yards were awarded by the end of the year.

The Road Division employees' safety record remains among the best in the City and County, with 118 awards for safe driving during the year. Certificates of Merit were given to 45 employees with 25 years or more of government service.

## Prosecutor Gets 291 Indictments

More than 300 felony cases were presented to the Oahu Grand Jury in 1960, and 291 indictments were returned for crimes in 37 categories.

The largest number of indictments was for first degree burglary, many of the 69 cases involving juveniles or young men, according to Francis De Mello, deputy prosecuting attorney. Sex offenses totaled 73; assault cases totaled 21; second degree burglary 17; forgery and passing a forgery, 27.

TWELVE negligent homicide cases, two second degree murder cases and one manslaughter case were handled by the Prosecutor's office, with 50-year sentences given to three defendants on murder charges. Other cases were still on appeal at the end of 1960.

Criminal and Traffic cases processed during 1960 were:

DISTRICT COURTS: cases carried over from 1959, 797; cases filed, 137,621; disposed of, 137,396; pending as of December 31, 1960, 1,022.

CIRCUIT COURT: cases carried over, 99; cases filed, 879; disposed of, 882, and pending, 96.

SUPREME COURT, State of Hawaii: 7 cases carried over; 18 cases filed; 7 cases disposed of, and 18 cases pending at the end of 1960.

## District Court Aids Families In Trouble

A Family Counseling Service was brought into operation during 1960 by the District Court of Honolulu.

During the first half of the year it was partly supported by the City and County and partly by private funds. The salary of the Court Family Relations Counselor was paid through private funds.

On August 15, the Counselor was selected by Judge Millard D. White and the staff of the service consisting of two members is now entirely under the jurisdiction of the District Court.

THE PURPOSE of the Family Counseling Service is to protect and preserve family security and welfare whenever these are endangered by situations which require the protection of law; to counsel clients and their families; and to serve as a psychiatric social work consultant to the District Magistrates, Prosecutors' Office and the Police Department in pre-sentence investigations and to those defendants under suspended sentences.

During the year the Court handled 114,010 criminal and traffic cases, 13,561 civil cases and 227 commitments to the State Hospital.

MONEY FROM fines, forfeitures and court costs amounted to \$617,089, while the cost of operations totaled \$201,466.

Two District Court Magistrates retired on June 30, Judge Harry Steiner after 37 years on the District Court bench and Judge Griffith Wight after 22 years on the District Court bench.

Appointments to fill the vacancies were made by Chief Justice Wilfred C. Tsukiyama. Millard D. White was appointed First District Magistrate and also Administrative Magistrate of the District Court, effective July 1. Kenneth W. Harada was appointed Second District Magistrate.

THE COURT has four District Court Magistrates and two per diem Magistrates who are used as needed.

## City Legal Staff Has Busy Year

The Office of the Corporation Counsel received 12,763 assignments in 1960, including slum area condemnation proceedings, delinquent collection cases and damage suits.

DELINQUENT refuse accounts totaled more than \$167,000, from which more than \$49,000 was collected. Damage suits against the City and County, with claims totaling \$470,971, were settled with judgments against the City of \$2,917, or less than one per cent.

The Corporation Counsel also collected \$18,747 for damage to City and County property.

Other activities of the office included acquisition of more than 126 acres of land for public use at a cost of \$2,062,731.

THE PUBLIC Welfare Section of the Corporation Counsel's office provides four services, as follows:

Paternity actions, totaling 517 in 1960; reciprocal support assistance, totaling 253 cases requiring location of persons legally obligated to support an indigent welfare recipient; obtaining support for indigent parents, nine cases; and 40 cases for commitment of mentally defective persons to Waimano Home.



# 20-Year Master Plan Completed

A 20-year Master Plan for Oahu was completed in August, 1960, covering anticipated community needs for all areas of the island, based on an estimated population of 800,000 by 1980.

Provisions of the general plan were presented at community meetings in the Waialua-Haleiwa, Wai-anae, Hauula, Kaaawa, Kahaluu, Kaneohe, Pearl City, Aiea and Ewa Beach areas during 1960. Public hearings were conducted by the Planning Commission on the Waialua-Haleiwa and Kaneohe sections.

**RE-STUDIES WERE** made to incorporate suggestions offered at the public hearings, prior to presenting the General Plan sections to the City Council with recommendations for adoption.

The General Plan was made possible by an Urban Planning grant from the Federal government. The study of urban and urbanizing areas covered past and present conditions, and envisions future land uses for residential, commercial and indus-

trial activities. Public facilities, such as highways, streets, schools, parks, water, sewerage and drainage systems were determined on the basis of anticipated population growth.

**AN AGRICULTURAL** land-use study also was conducted in 1960 to determine existing uses of land for sugar, pineapple and diversified agriculture, and to estimate the probable displacement of agriculture due to urbanization. Recommendations for measures to preserve suitable agricultural lands were made by the Commission and enacted by the City Council.

An amended comprehensive zoning ordinance was prepared to implement the General Plan, by separating resort, residential and industrial areas, and establishing standards for building bulk and population density. The city's subdivision rules and regulations also were amended for subdivisions within the City.

**A CENTRAL** business district stu-

dy was undertaken for the 129 acres of land known as "downtown Honolulu," which has the highest concentration of working population, transient vehicles and land valuation in the city. Objectives of the study are to establish a system of major streets and traffic flow patterns, alleviating traffic movement through the main business area; separating as much as possible vehicular and pedestrian movement; providing adequate, adjacent parking facilities; developing an attractive shopping center; and encouraging projects reflecting Honolulu's history, diverse cultural background and natural beauty as a tropical metropolis.

**THE ACCELERATED** construction of high-rise buildings in the Waikiki and Makiki areas has presented problems of land crowding. The Planning Department has proposed a bulk control ordinance to assure sufficient light and air in high-rise districts.

Environmental surveys of blighted

areas in the city were conducted during 1960 as part of the Urban Renewal program. The report on the Kalihi-waena district has been published.

**PROJECTS TOTALING** \$324 million were submitted by City and County departments for the six and one-half year Capital Improvement program as prescribed in the City Charter. Since monies available for the period total about \$129 million in local funds and \$30 million from State or Federal sources, the Planning Commission had to recommend deferral of about \$142 million worth of projects.

Routine responsibilities of the Planning Department included processing of 475 subdivision applications, creating 3,834 lots, 2,215 lots on 580 acres in the rural areas, and 1,619 lots on 455 acres within the city limits. The Department also took action on 187 zoning applications, and the Zoning Board of Appeals acted on 43 applications for variances, of which seven were granted.

## Sewer Construction At All-Time High On Oahu During 1960

Through the combined efforts of the Division of Sewers and private subdividers, more than 49 miles of sewers were installed during 1960, a record year for sewer construction.

Forty-four City sewerage projects costing more than \$10,000,000 were under construction during 1960. Twenty-seven projects, a record \$3,500,000 worth, were completed as of the end of 1960. Private subdividers built more than \$1,500,000 in subdivision sewers to add to the year's construction boom.

**LOOKING BACK** to 1950, the City had 371 miles of sewers, six sewage pumping stations, and one sewage treatment plant in its sewerage system. The City's sewerage system today includes 757 miles of sewers, 24 sewage pumping stations, two storm drain pumping stations, three sewage treatment plants, and four community septic tanks.

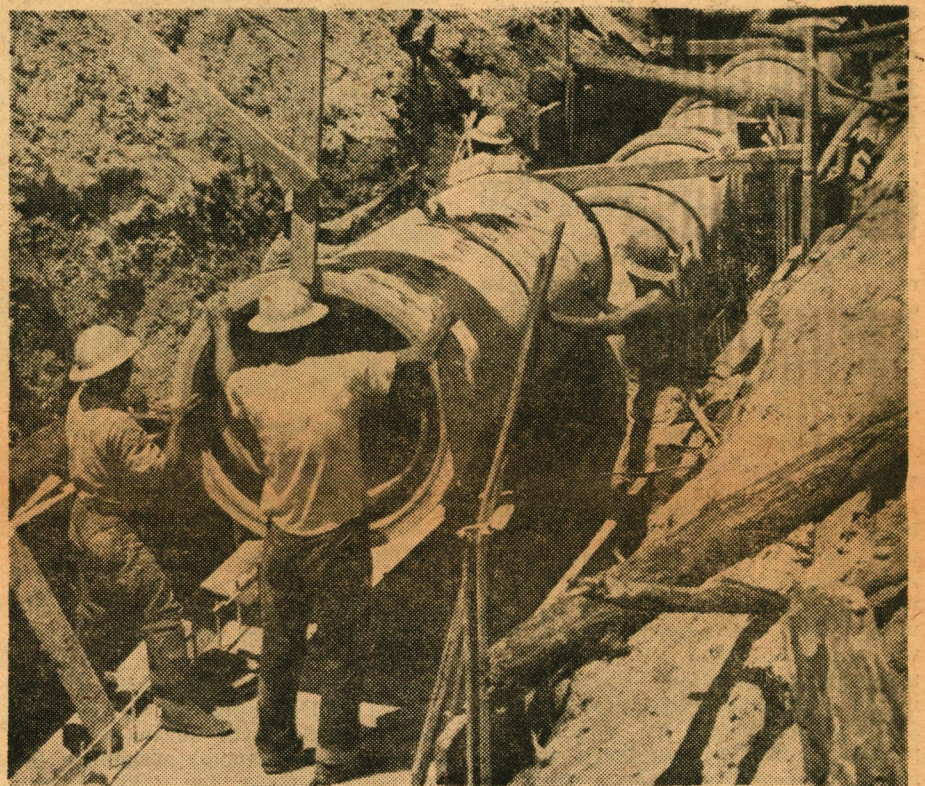
Cesspool pumping became another responsibility for the Division of Sewers in October, 1959. To accommodate more than 100 telephone requests daily and 150 to 200 requests on Mondays or on days after heavy rainfalls, the Division of Sewers utilizes about 16 to 18 cesspool

pumping trucks every week day. Total expenditures for cesspool pumping alone have increased nearly threefold since 1955, from \$116,000 in 1955 to \$367,000 in 1960.

**VITALLY-NEEDED** projects such as the Kamehameha Highway Sewage Pump Station, the Kam Highway Force Main, the Kam Highway Trunk Sewer, and the Niu Valley Sewage Pump Station and Force Main were completed during 1960. These projects now enable subdividers to install sewerage facilities at no cost to the City.

The Kaneohe Sewage Treatment Plant primary units were completed in 1960. By the latter part of 1961, the secondary units should be ready for service. Thereafter, sanitary wastes from Kaneohe and Heeiea may be received by the treatment plant. Eight major sewerage projects are being constructed or have been constructed concurrently with the sewage treatment plant.

**CONSTRUCTION** plans for the sewage treatment plant in Kailua were let out for bids in December of 1960. The Kailua Plant should begin treatment of sanitary wastes by late 1962.



A unit of the 49 miles of sewers installed during 1960 is shown being fitted into place by workmen under the jurisdiction of the Division of Sewers. Forty-four City sewerage projects costing more than \$10,000,000 were under construction during last year.

## Fresh Water Piped Across Parched Plains Of Ewa

A historic milestone was reached on Oahu on June 1, 1960, when fresh water was sent for the first time across the arid Ewa plains.

This fresh water delivered to the Standard Oil Refinery in the Campbell Industrial Park came through nine miles of underground pipeline from the Board of Water Supply's wells at Kunia-Hoaeae near Waipahu.

**THESE SAME SOURCES** will feed the new multi-million dollar transmission system that will provide adequate water for the entire Ewa-Waianae area.

Everywhere on Oahu during the past year there was major progress in the island's water development program.

In conjunction with the Ewa-Waianae project, by year's end a 4-million-gallon pre-stressed concrete reservoir at Barber's Point, the largest of its kind on Oahu, was readied for service.

Work was begun on a 24-inch line from this huge reservoir to Hakimo Road and a 20-inch line from Hakimo

Road to Mailiili. These projects are expected to be completed by mid-summer of 1961.

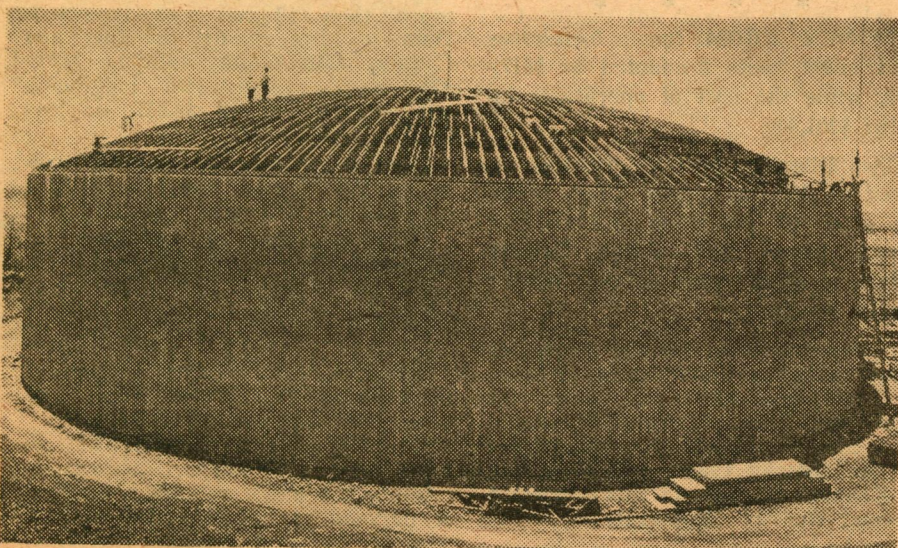
**AT WAHIAWA**, Nanakuli, Sunset Beach-Haleiwa, Punahoa, Kailua, Kaneohe and Waimanalo, new facilities were added and existing ones repaired and refurbished.

Water service for Windward Oahu was bolstered with new mains and the awarding of a contract for a 30-inch line from Waihee Valley to Kaneohe.

In metropolitan Honolulu a 3.5-million-gallon reservoir for Waialae-Iki was constructed, also a 1-million-gallon tank on the slopes of Koko Head and another reservoir above Aina Koa.

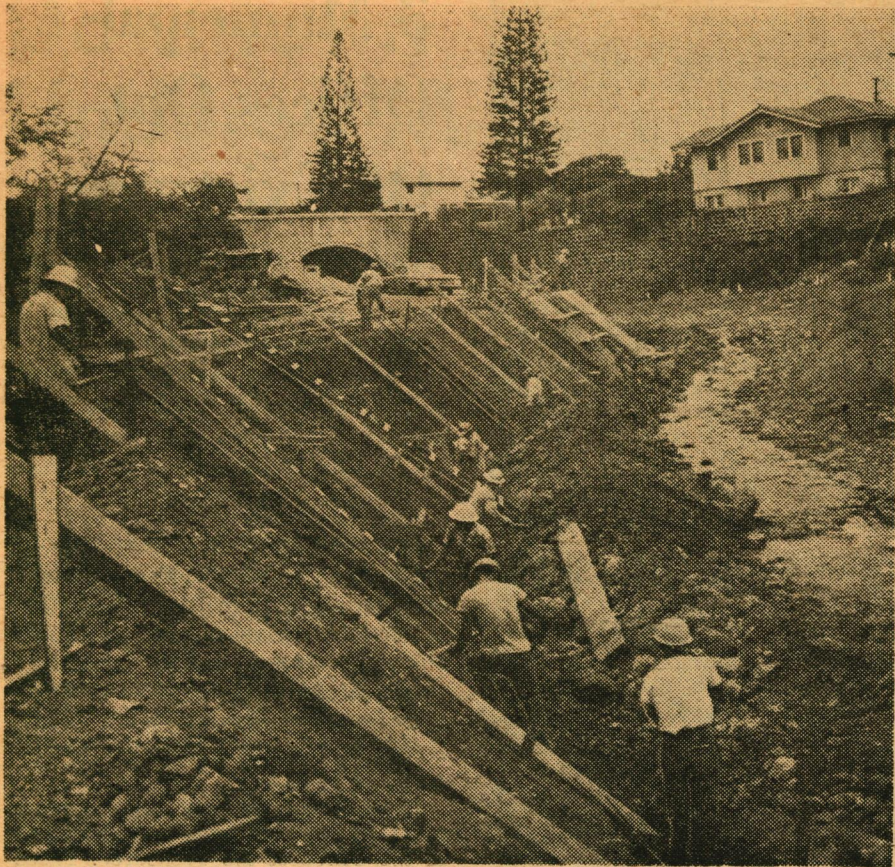
**WATER RATES** for suburban areas were amended by the Board on June 1, the principal change being the adopting of a graduated scale to replace the former flat rate charge.

During the year the department sold nearly 21 billion gallons of water, an all-time high, and installed 4,326 new meters and 565 new hydrants.

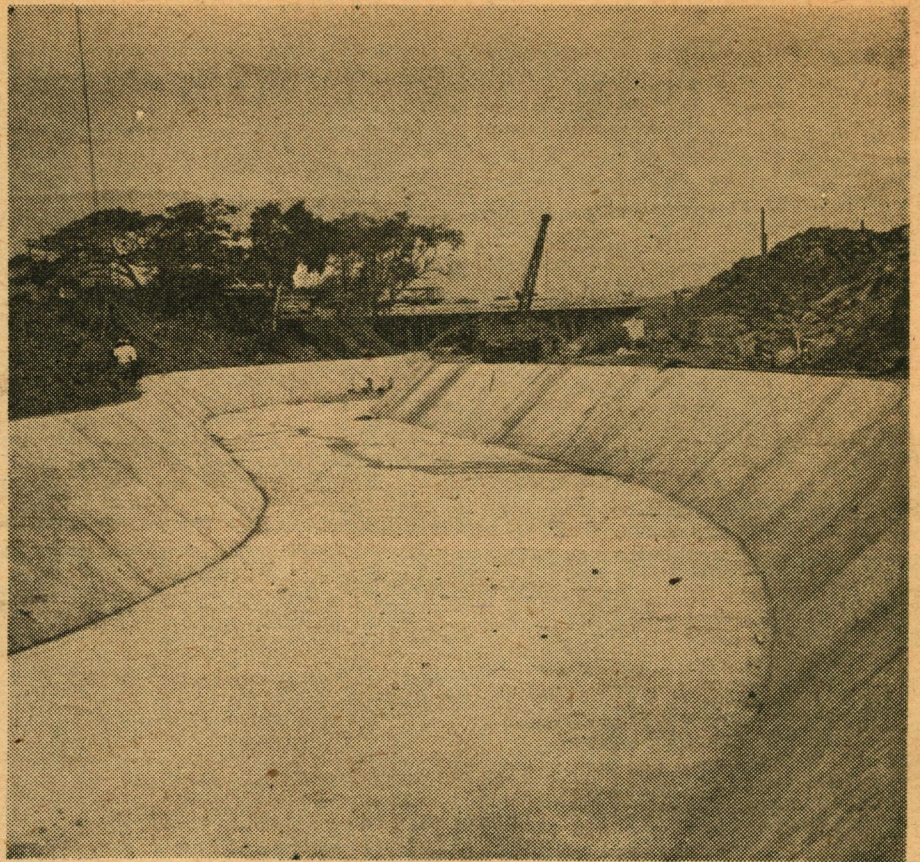


This unusual looking structure is a 4-million-gallon pre-stressed concrete reservoir at Barber's Point. It was readied for service at the end of the year and is the largest of its kind on Oahu. It will provide fresh water for the Ewa-Waianae area.





This is how Palolo stream looked as work was started last year on the stream wall from St. Louis Drive to St. Louis College bridge.



Here is how Palolo stream appears after completion of the \$62,000 wall for flood control and drainage.

## City Expands Public Improvements Program

The Division of Engineering completed 23 projects costing \$3.4 million, and had ten projects costing \$1.9 million under construction at the end of 1960.

The capital improvement program for 1960 was the largest ever undertaken to provide street, drainage, flood control, parking and related public works improvements. An estimated \$29 million worth of improvements were programmed, of which the City's share was an estimated \$9 million.

\* \* \* \*

THE 23 COMPLETED projects in 1960 included:

1. Three off-street parking facilities costing \$421,000. These were the \$310,000 Von Hamm-Young facilities in downtown Honolulu, first of a series of municipal multi-deck garages to relieve downtown parking congestion; two parking lots costing \$105,000 in the heart of the Kailua business district, and the Palace Square parking project, costing \$6,000.

2. Nine street improvement projects totaling \$2.4 million. These were the \$76,000 Alokele street project to provide adequate access to Kaahumanu Homes; the \$50,400 Hoomaemae street project to provide street access to Pearl City Intermediate School; the \$936,200 Kailua business area street project to eliminate flooding and to improve traffic conditions; the \$109,000 Kalo Place Improvement District in Moiliili; the \$895,300 Kamehameha Terrace Improvement District in Kapalama; the \$44,500 fill correction project for Likelike highway (Kaneohe side); the \$29,500 Pui-

wa Lane widening project for adequate access to the new Nuuanu elementary school; the \$104,100 St. Louis Drive widening project to improve a dangerous intersection above the St. Louis Drive bridge; and the \$155,400 Waialeale Improvement District in Waipahu.

3. Nine flood control and drainage projects totaling \$501,100. These were the \$24,500 Boulder Basin at Wailupe stream; the \$12,100 land acquisition for Kawa Stream realignment; the \$4,000 Lanikaula street relief drain; the \$27,800 Manoa Box drain project (advance construction for Manoa

road); the \$62,600 Palolo Stream wall project from St. Louis Drive to St. Louis College bridge; the \$18,700 Kaneohe shopping center relief drain (Pikoilua tract); the \$43,000 Waipahu Flood Control project on Waialeale stream; and the \$2,540 city participation project in Waipahu Town tract, Unit 7.

4. Two facilities for city staff use totaling \$60,000, additional parking stalls costing \$25,000 and the new refuse division office costing \$35,000.

\* \* \* \*

PROJECTS TOTALING \$25.9 million were ready for construction or on the drawing boards by the end of 1960. The initial phases of engineering work on the \$10,200,000 Federal aid Waianae Flood Control project got underway in late 1960. The project, with City and County co-sponsorship in the amount of \$200,000 in 1960, is expected to be completed in five or six years.

Street resurfacing contracts amounting to \$190,000 were completed in early 1960 and five contracts totaling \$307,000 were let in the Fall of 1960 to resurface approximately 25.3 miles of badly worn and damaged streets.

\* \* \* \*

SUBDIVISION development hit an all-time high, as 66 projects costing approximately \$12.8 million were processed, an increase of 250 per cent over 1959.

Full-time use of the \$9.5 million twin-bore Wilson Tunnel was realized in early November, after completion of the approach roads by the State Division of Highways.



This municipal multi-deck off-street parking facility located on Alakea St. was completed in the latter part of 1960. It is the first of a series of such parking facilities planned for the City. This lot now has 228 stalls. Its parking capacity will be increased with the addition of another deck.

## Automotive Division Operates Strictly on 'Pay-as-You-Go' Basis

The Division of Automotive Equipment functions almost on the same principle as a private equipment rental company. It owns, maintains, repairs, services, insures and furnishes gas and oil for all equipment, charging the City agencies which use vehicles a flat rental rate.

The Division operates as close as possible to actual cost.

\* \* \* \*

RENTALS DURING 1960 totaled \$1,069,193, the highest in the Division's history.

This rental figure includes a charge for depreciation. When any unit of equipment reaches the replacement point, this replacement is purchased from a reserve fund built from the depreciation charge.

During the year, this Division purchased 80 units of new equipment at a cost of \$504,000, the second largest amount spent for new equipment since the Division began operation in 1945.

## Land Acquired For Public Projects Totaled \$652,500 During Year

The Division of Land Survey and Acquisition, comprising a staff of 48 employees, is charged with the acquisition of lands and rights-of-way necessary for public improvement projects.

The total consideration for lands and easements acquired during 1960 amounted to \$652,500.

\* \* \* \*

SOME OF the major projects during 1960 requiring surveys, appraisals or negotiations by the Division were:

Kapalama Improvement District No. 135; Manoa Road Widening Improvement District No. 143; Pensacola Street Frontage Improvement; Keeaumoku Street Widening; Maunalani Heights Sewers Improvement District No. 133; Kaneohe Sewers Improvement District No. 141; Kaneohe Stream Interceptor Sewer; Aiea Heights Sewers Improvement District No. 137; Waimano Flood Control; Waimalu Flood Control, and Keolu Hills Flood Control, Units I and II.



## 3 Municipal Offices Out Of Existence

Three City and County elective offices were abolished by the City Charter at the end of 1960 and a fourth was made appointive.

The offices of the Auditor, Treasurer and Sheriff were abolished. The Clerk no longer is elected but is appointed by the City and County Council.

\* \* \* \*

**THE FUNCTIONS** of the office of the auditor, which included inventory of government property, examination of records, review of accounting and office routines, making quarterly counts of funds in the City treasury and issuing warrants, were transferred to the newly created Department of Finance.

Also transferred to the Department of Finance were the functions of the Office of the Treasurer. These included sale of bonds, collection of assessment collections, rentals and receipts from parking meters, registration and licensing of businesses and motor vehicles.

\* \* \* \*

**THE POLICE** duties of the Office of the Sheriff were transferred to the Police Department while those of the coroner were assigned to the new Office of Medical Examiner.

The men whose positions were abolished were persons who had devoted many years to government service. However, they have been appointed to other positions in the City government where they are able to continue their services and contribute of their experience and abilities.

\* \* \* \*

**LAWRENCE S. GOTO**, who was treasurer, has the longest record of government service of the four men. He joined the Treasurer's office 34 years ago as an accountant. In 1945 he was appointed first assistant treasurer by the late William Chung-Hoon Jr. Upon Mr. Chung-Hoon's death in April, 1952, he was appointed treasurer by the then Mayor Wilson.

Mr. Goto was elected treasurer in 1952 and continued in that office until the end of last year. He is now head of the treasury and collections division in the Finance Department.

\* \* \* \*

**DUKE P. KAHANAMOKU** was Honolulu's perennial sheriff since 1935. He won world fame when he became an Olympic swimming champion 50 years ago and is Hawaii's most widely known personality. An admiring and appreciative populace returned him to office year after year with a minimum amount of campaigning on his part.

Duke is now Honolulu's official greeter, a position for which he is particularly well qualified.

\* \* \* \*

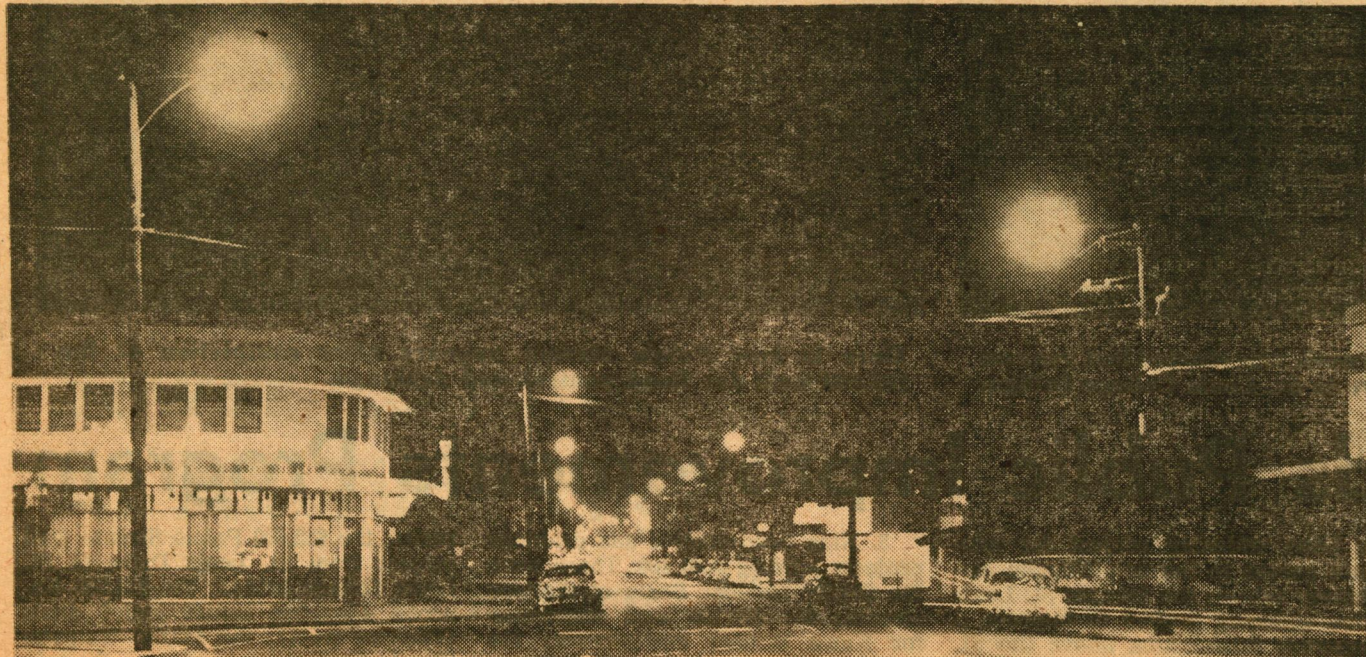
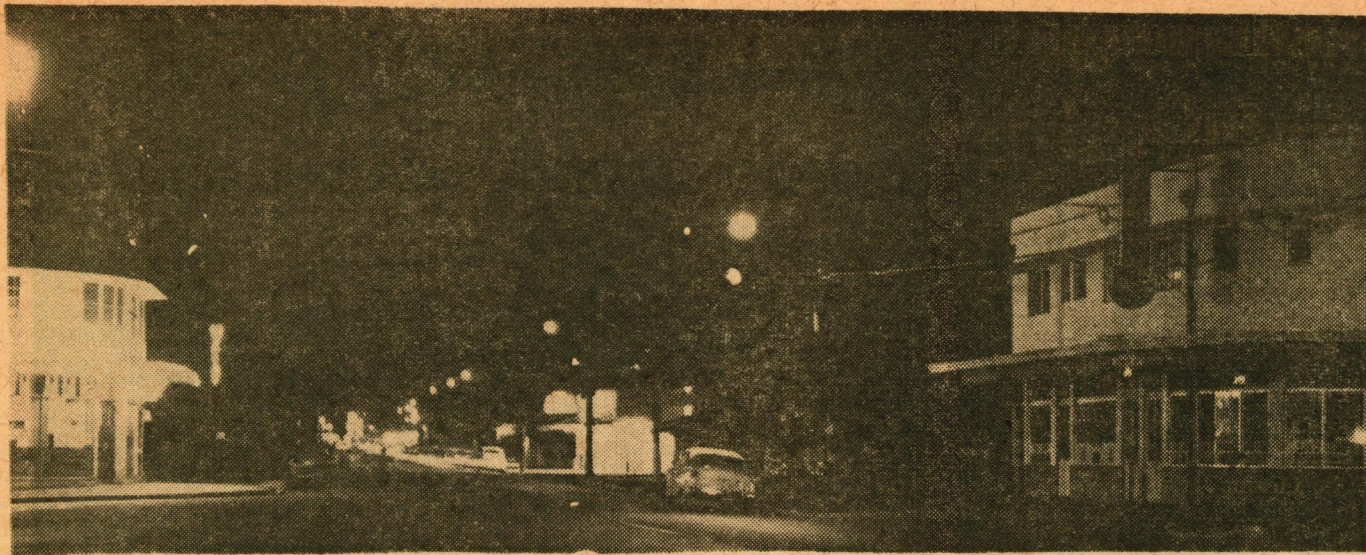
**JAMES K. MURAKAMI** was auditor since 1954. He formerly served as assistant tax collector for the State tax office. Prior to that he was in his own business.

Mr. Murakami now heads the City Council's new audit section.

\* \* \* \*

**PAUL H. C. CHUNG** was elected clerk in 1956 and was re-elected in 1958. He was previously personnel technician with the City and County Civil Service.

At present he heads the licensing, personnel and pension division in the Finance Department.



How street lighting was improved during the past year is dramatically shown by the above photos. The upper photo shows the intersection of Kapahulu and Winam Aves. with the old type of incandescent street lights. The lower photo shows the same area with the new mercury vapor lights. Installation on Kapahulu Ave. was completed in June, 1960. It was the beginning of an intensified program for improvement of street lighting by the Traffic Department.

## Oahu Streets Glow At Night With New, Stronger Lighting

Lawrence Felix, first Traffic Engineer in the Department of Traffic who was appointed under the City Charter on July 1, 1959, died in November, 1960, and was succeeded by Henry Tuck Au, appointed Traffic Engineer on November 21, 1960. Mr. Au had become deputy traffic engineer in September, and prior to that was deputy Planning Director.

\* \* \* \*

**MOTOR VEHICLE** travel on Oahu highways showed a continued yearly increase, with approximately 185,000

motor vehicles registered in 1960, as compared to 176,300 in 1959.

A major problem of the Department of Traffic has been the parking situation, which was alleviated during 1960 by increasing the parking spaces at the Alakea-Richards street lot from 111 to 230 stalls. The project, completed in November, cost approximately \$310,000.

\* \* \* \*

**BIDS WERE** opened in December for a \$540,000 project to add two concrete decks at the Smith-Maunakea lot, increasing parking spaces from 114 to 265.

To facilitate the flow of traffic, the Department spent \$320,000 for 650 new street light installations on Oahu, including Waikiki, Kapahulu, Kalihi, downtown Honolulu and rural areas. Many other street lights were rearranged or improved. A program to install 2,040 new lights in 1961-62 was set up during the year.

\* \* \* \*

**THE ADEQUACY** of traffic circulation in 750 subdivisions, 13 improvement districts, 15 school layouts and three large urban redevelopment projects was reviewed by traffic engineers during 1960. A three-year program of replacing 5,200 street signs with porcelain-embossed name signs was completed in 1960, at a total cost of \$143,000.

Work was undertaken on a variable frequency traffic control system for downtown Honolulu, and was in progress at the end of the year, with completion expected in 1961. The automatic system will regulate vehicu-

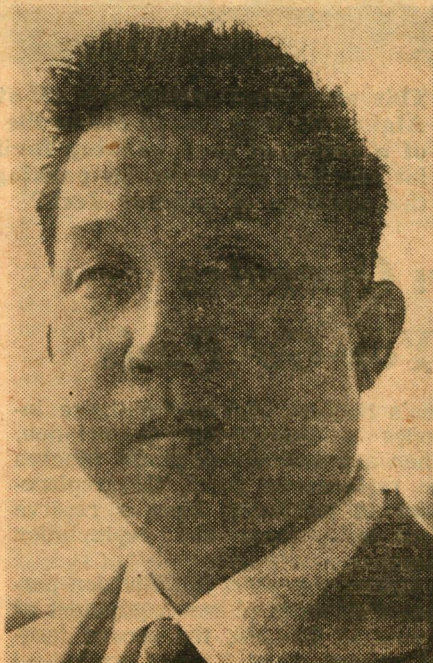
lar traffic according to its density and direction.

\* \* \* \*

**THE DIVISION** of Traffic Safety Education conducted safety campaigns and provided information to newspapers, radio, television and public or private groups throughout the year, far in excess of the average production for other cities in the United States. A library of 316 safety education films is maintained, and four films on local traffic problems were produced.



LAWRENCE FELIX



HENRY TUCK AU



# Isle Fire Losses Down \$1 Million



Causing necks to crane is the 85-foot snorkel which was purchased by the Fire Department during the past year. It will be used for fighting fires in high-rise buildings. This picture was taken in front of the City Hall and shows how the snorkel towers over coconut trees in the background.

Honolulu's fire losses decreased by more than one million dollars in 1960, with a total fire loss of \$773,392, as compared to \$1,874,956 in 1959.

Fire Chief William K. Blaisdell attributes the million-dollar decrease to an improved fire inspection program and greater cooperation by the public in decreasing fire hazards.

\* \* \* \*

**MAJOR CAUSES** of fires were burning of rubbish, careless smoking, automobile accidents or defects, electrical equipment, children playing with combustibles, and sparks from machinery or equipment.

Fire claimed the life of one person, a woman who was burned to death in her apartment in a blaze apparently caused by careless smoking. A fireman, Philip T. Chong, was killed in the line of duty when he fell while on rescue mission in the hills above Manoa Valley.

\* \* \* \*

**THE FIRE DEPARTMENT** responded to 2,264 fire alarms during the year, or 365 more than the previous five-year average of 1,899. False alarms totaled 438, of which 75 per cent were deliberately set while 25 per cent were the result of temporary defects in fire alarm or sprinkler systems.

Firemen also were called out on 574 rescue and emergency missions. These included automobile accidents, drownings or near drownings, help for persons lost while hiking or otherwise in distress, first aid, salvage of property and recovery of animals.

\* \* \* \*

**THE FIRE PREVENTION** Bureau, credited by Chief Blaisdell with keeping the 1960 fire loss at the lowest

point since 1957, adopted as its slogan, "We are here to help you," and expanded its educational and correctional program.

The dwelling inspection program resulted in a decrease in residential fires.

Other Fire Prevention Bureau activities included the installation of automatic fire alarm systems and additional fire escapes at many schools.

The efficiency of the tidal wave warning system was strengthened by the replacement of portable loud-speaker units with transistorized power megaphones with a hearing range of more than 2,000 feet.

New equipment received during 1960 included three 1,250 gallons-per-minute pumping engines assigned to Central, Kakaako and Pier 15 fire stations. Three more pumping engines and an 85-foot Snorkel for fighting fires in high-rise buildings were ordered during the year.

Capital improvements underway in 1960 were the Waianae Fire Station expansion, to provide housing and facilities for the Fire and Health Department; the Aikahi Fire Station; the Kalihi-uka joint Fire-Police Station; land acquisition for the Liliha and Kuakini Fire Station, and expansion of the Ewa Beach Fire Station.

Personnel totaled 441 uniformed firemen and 23 civilian employees. Eighteen new positions were created to man the new Snorkel company, the Waimanalo and Ewa stations, the Plans and Training Division, and the fiscal and personnel sections. A total of 391 persons took Civil Service examinations, and 219 were placed on the eligible list.

The cost of operating the Fire Department for the year was \$3,029,996, as compared to \$2,836,913 in 1959.

## Civil Service Applications Increase 50 Per Cent

The Civil Service Department processed a record number of 8,096 applications for employment in 1960, an increase of more than 50 per cent over the previous year. The department also conducted 408 examinations, an increase of 62 per cent.

A total of 364 vacancies was filled either through promotions from eligible lists or through promotions by non-competitive examinations since the City Charter prohibits promotions without examinations. These transactions necessitated the processing of 12,714 personnel transactions.

\* \* \* \*

**IN 1960** the number of persons employed by the City passed the 5,000 mark with a total of 5,044 employees, an increase of 338 over 1959.

The City Charter provided for major changes in the City and County government to be made during the past year. Research and study projects were conducted to carry out these changes. Some of these projects included those necessary for the establishment of positions in the new Medical Examiner's Office, abolishment of the elective offices of the Treasurer, Auditor, Clerk and Sheriff, and the transfer of functions of abolished offices to other departments.

\* \* \* \*

**EMPLOYEE** training was given greater emphasis. A police cadet program was initiated to meet the increasing demand for extra police officers by using high school graduates. These cadets replaced trained officers in clerical jobs, thus releasing men for regular police work.

Seven orientation classes were conducted, acquainting 3,707 new employees with the City organization, their rights and benefits.

A milestone in public personnel administration was reached with the inauguration of a Public Administration Internship program on September 1.

Under this program, two University of Hawaii graduate students are

provided with opportunities to apply academic knowledge and theory to concrete on-the-job administrative situations.

\* \* \* \*

**A FEATURE** of the program to strengthen personnel relations was

the first formal presentation of service awards to employees with 25 or more years of government service. Held during the Aloha Week program at City Hall, 192 employees received Certificates of Merit from Mayor Blaisdell.



Pictured are some of the 192 government employees who were presented with service awards in a ceremony held during Aloha Week in the City Hall patio. The awards were given to employees who had been in government service for 25 or more years. This was the first time such presentations, sponsored by the Civil Service Department, were made. (See story on page 11.)



# City Acquires 16 New Park Sites

The Department of Parks and Recreation had the greatest activity and accomplishments in its history in 1960.

This was reflected particularly in the work of the Planning and Construction Division which handled the department's capital improvement program which totaled \$4,475,932.

By the end of the year about \$4,000,000 had been expended or encumbered for the acquisition of 16 new sites and the planning and/or construction of 70 projects in 45 park areas.

**MAJOR ACQUISITIONS** included such areas as Makaha Beach Park, Waialua Field and Gymnasium, the "Kress" property as an addition to George Fred Wright Field in Wahiawa, and property for the expansion of Foster Garden.

Major recreation facilities were provided for Manoa, Palolo and Wai-pahu Fields, Ainakoa and Kalaheo Playgrounds, and beach improvements were completed at Kahaluu, Makaha, Waikiki and Waimanalo.

**HIGHLIGHT OF** the Recreation Division's activities was the Summer Fun program which registered 5,824 children. All participated in a Junior Olympic and Physical Fitness program which was climaxed by the Junior Olympic finals at the Honolulu Stadium.

A new program offered was the Tiny Tot program for children aged 3 and 4. The first Soap Box Derby was promoted in cooperation with



Physical fitness is stressed in the program of the Recreation Department. Pictured are girls taking part in the Junior Olympic finals which climaxed the Summer Fun program. More than 5,000 boys and girls participated in the event which was held at the Honolulu stadium.

Chevrolet dealers and The Honolulu Advertiser and resulted in 64 cars being constructed by youngsters, 53

of which qualified for the finals. Ralph Collins, 11, represented Hawaii at the world's championships

held in Akron, Ohio, in August.

**NOTABLE IN** the golf course picture was the transfer of the Ala Wai golf course to the jurisdiction of the department by the state legislature on Sept. 1.

The Pali golf course operation for the first time paid for itself. A total of 49,109 rounds of golf was played, bringing income of \$95,055. The operation cost was \$82,611.

The Maintenance Division was assigned the responsibility for upkeep of medial strips. To take care of this and the additional playgrounds being completed, the division was granted an increase of 25 workers but at the end of the year 17 groundskeeper positions were unfilled due to lack of applicants.

**APPROXIMATELY** 4½ million people used the beaches supervised by the city's lifeguards during the year. Lifeguards rendered first aid to 514 and rescued 145 individuals. Permits were issued for 152,249 picnickers and 15,000 campers.

Visitor attendance at the zoo continued in excess of a half million for the year. Two outstanding events were the birth of a giraffe and the purchase of a baby gorilla. Added to the facilities was a tropical animal house.

**ATTENDANCE AT** the Waikiki Shell rose to 180,000, an increase of 10,000 over that of 1959. The parking area was doubled with the addition of 160 stalls.

## Urban, Rural Health Services Are Expanded

The City and County Department of Health expanded its emergency units in 1960, treating a total of 15,140 persons in the Honolulu, Kailua, Kaneohe and Waianae units. The Kailua emergency unit was put on a 24-hour, seven-day basis, and the Maluhia unit was moved to the new Beretania Street Municipal Building.

**SUBSTANTIAL** savings were effected at Maluhia Hospital by moving 80 chronically-ill patients to the Trotter building at Leahi Hospital.

Removal of the patients was necessitated by condemnation of Wards A and B at Maluhia by the Fire Marshal. The building at Leahi, with a 94-bed capacity, had been unused because new drugs enable many tuberculosis patients to take treatment as out-patients.

**UNDER THE** arrangement worked out between Kent Longnecker, acting director of Leahi, and Dr. David I. Katsuki, City and County physician, Maluhia patients are cared for at \$9.67 per day, about \$1 less than the cost of their care at Maluhia.

The City and County patients are kept separate from tuberculosis patients.

**MALUHIA HOSPITAL** provided medical and hospital care for 1,403 persons, for a total of 78,062 patient days.

The rural clinical service gave 13,904 treatments to 5,719 persons, and a total of 17,567 dental services were provided for 7,125 persons.

**OTHER SERVICES** provided by the Health Department included treatment of 544 City workers injured on the job, 7,693 treatments to prisoners, and 1,257 persons examined, treated or investigated for police and other government agencies.

## Tidal Wave Warning System Improved Throughout Oahu

Funds for the expansion of the tidal wave siren warning system and to improve communications on all islands were made available by the Legislature in 1960.

Oahu received \$75,000 to expand its siren warning system and \$5,500 to provide direct telephone communications from Rural Area Command I headquarters at Wahiawa to all districts.

**THE APPROPRIATION** of the funds was prompted by the tidal wave disaster of the night of May 22-23. Hilo,

on the Big Island suffered the worst effects — 61 dead and property loss amounting to about \$17,690,000.

Funds also were provided for a teletype circuit connecting police headquarters in all counties. In addition, 11 radio stations on Oahu were connected by a telephone loop line from Harlow Tunnel, Diamond Head, so that civil defense warning and information broadcasts could be made simultaneously by a single voice from that location over all stations.

## Municipal Employees Set Highway Safety Records

The safety program inaugurated in 1955 completed another year of improved safety records, increased safety education, and regular safety inspections in all fields of municipal activity.

**CITY VEHICLES** completed their sixth year in the Oahu Fleet Safety Contest with a good performance. Although the number of vehicles and mileage increased, the number of accidents was 14 less than in 1959. As a result of this competition, 383 vehicle operators have been nominated

for safe driver awards, of which 168 are for six continuous years of safe driving.

City police vehicles placed first in their group of 29 contestants in the contest sponsored by the National Safety Council and International Police Chiefs Association.

**HEARINGS AND** recommendations by the Vehicle Accident Investigation Committee appointed in 1959 by the Mayor have resulted in a lower insurance cost for the City and County.

## 42,000 Units Under Rent Control

The Rent Control Commission, supervising 42,097 units under rent control, processed 5,829 petitions filed by landlords and 140 petitions from tenants during 1960.

**PETITIONS** by landlords resulted in 3,705 orders of adjustment of rent, 546 orders of establishment of rent ceilings, 368 orders of decontrol and 485 miscellaneous orders.

A total of 1,269 complaints by ten-

ants included 190 for eviction, 28 for overcharge, 145 for return of security deposits, 123 for termination of tenancy, and 783 for miscellaneous complaints. One case was turned over to the Prosecuting Attorney.

**THE COMMISSION** held eleven hearings on appeals from findings and orders of the Rent Control Director, O. C. Soares.

**AN ATTACK** warning system was completed in City Hall during the first quarter of the past year. It is expected that with the funds provided by the Legislature, 10 existing sirens in Honolulu will be relocated in the rural areas and 13 additional sirens installed in Honolulu proper.

The national exercise, "Operation Alert 1960", was held May 3-5 with 769 key personnel, government and volunteers, participating. About 126,000 school children and 4,000 county employees took part in the evacuation drill.

**SOME 700** new volunteers were recruited for the year, mostly wardens. Meetings were held also with PTA's, churches and other organizations.

## Rural Concerts Booked By Band

Regular monthly concerts in rural parks were begun by the Royal Hawaiian Band in 1960. They were presented at Hauula, Waianae, Pili-laau, Kahaluu, Haleiwa and Kailua Parks.

The band played 406 concerts during the year. These included 44 on Sunday afternoons at Kapiolani and rural parks, 84 at hospitals and 198 for the welcoming of ships. In addition, the band participated in six parades and appeared at school bazaars, celebrations, dedications, eleemosynary institutions and sports events.

Expenditures for the band, including salaries, totaled \$217, 137 for the year. Receipts from steamship companies and other sources were \$10,176.



# Officials And Commissions

**MAYOR**  
**NEAL S. BLAISDELL**

## COUNCILMEN

Clesson Y. Chikasuye  
Masato Doi  
Ernest N. Heen  
Richard M. Kageyama

Noble K. Kauhane  
Herman G. P. Lemke  
Mrs. Eileen K. Lota  
Matsuo Takabuki

Clerk ..... Paul H. C. Chung  
Treasurer ..... Lawrence S. Goto  
Auditor ..... James K. Murakami  
Sheriff ..... Duke P. Kahanamoku

## OFFICERS, DEPARTMENT HEADS

Bandmaster, Royal Hawaiian  
Band ..... Earle Christoph  
Budget Director ..... Paul K. Keppeler  
Building  
Superintendent ..... Ralph S. Inouye  
Chief Engineer ..... Yoshio Kunimoto  
Corporation  
Counsel ..... Norman K. Chung  
Director of  
Civil Service ..... G. Keith Ware  
Director of Information  
and Complaints ..... Victor K. Givan  
Director of Parks and  
Recreation ..... Theodore F. Nobriga  
Finance Director ..... Allen Y. Shimizu  
Fire Chief ..... William K. Blaisdell  
Manager and Chief Engineer, Board of  
Water Supply ..... Edward J. Morgan  
Managing Director ..... Charles G. Clark  
Municipal  
Librarian ..... Rachel P. Comba  
Oahu Civil Defense  
Administrator ..... Ralph B. Neal  
Physician, City and  
County ..... Dr. David I. Katsuki  
Planning  
Director ..... Leighton S. C. Louis  
Police Chief ..... Dan S. C. Liu  
Prosecuting Attorney ..... John H. Peters  
Redevelopment Manager ..... Lee Maice  
Rent Control  
Director ..... Oliver C. Soares  
Safety Program  
Administrator ..... T. D. Wilson  
Traffic Engineer ..... Lawrence Felix  
(died November, 1960)  
Traffic Engineer ..... Henry Tuck Au  
(appointed November 11, 1960)  
Urban Renewal  
Coordinator ..... David K. Bent

## BOARD OF ELECTRICAL EXAMINERS

Members—  
Eugene Akamine  
Herbert H. Heinrich  
Tilden McKee  
George Morishige  
Thomas F. Taylor  
Superintendent of Buildings  
Ex-Officio ..... Ralph S. Inouye  
Secretary Ex-Officio ..... George Farias

## BOARD OF PARKS AND RECREATION

Members—  
Robert T. Sasaki, Chairman  
Kim Ak Ching  
Mrs. Walter F. Dillingham  
Thomas E. Trask  
Paul H. Katahara  
Adrian DeMello  
Howard I. Takenaka  
Director of Parks and Recreation  
Ex-Officio ..... Theodore F. Nobriga

## BOARD OF PLUMBING EXAMINERS

Chairman ..... Fueson Hopper  
Members—  
William Fernandes  
Takeo T. Kaya  
Superintendent of Buildings  
Ex-Officio ..... Ralph S. Inouye  
Secretary  
Ex-Officio ..... George Rodrigues

## BOARD OF WATER SUPPLY

Chairman ..... Ralph E. Clark  
Members—  
Simes T. Hoyt  
James B. Wilson  
Leroy C. Bush  
Robert Y. Sato  
Chief Engineer  
Ex-Officio ..... Yoshio Kunimoto

Superintendent, State Public Works  
Ex-Officio ..... Tim Ho  
Manager and Chief Engineer,  
Board of Water Supply  
Ex-Officio ..... Edward J. Morgan

## CIVIL DEFENSE AGENCY

Ex-Officio ..... Mayor Neal S. Blaisdell  
Administrator ..... Ralph B. Neal

## CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Chairman ..... William M. Paty, Jr.  
(until June 30, 1960)  
Chairman ..... Bernard T. Teves  
(from July 1, 1960)  
Members—  
Dr. K. C. Choy  
Mitsuo Fujishige  
Albert P. Moniz

## DIRECTOR EX-OFFICIO G. Keith Ware COUNTY ADVISORY HEALTH COMMITTEE

Chairman ..... Kent W. Longnecker  
Members—  
Dr. John W. Devereux  
Miss Alison McBride  
Francis M. Okita  
Dr. Isaac A. Kawasaki  
Dr. David I. Katsuki

## OAHU COMMITTEE ON CHILDREN AND YOUTH

Chairman ..... Kenneth C. Cundiff  
Members—  
George Akahane  
Rev. Thomas Allport  
Charles B. Barrett  
Mrs. Lani Barringer  
Rev. Shelton H. Bishop  
Stanley Burden  
Robert Dye  
Mrs. Edwina Kaapana  
Mrs. Clorinda Lucas  
John C. Pixley  
Mrs. Ambrose Rosehill  
Earle R. Ross  
Lt. Roland Sagum  
Jisoo Sanjume

## PENSION BOARD

Chairman ..... Fredrico O. Biven  
Members—  
Akira Fukunaga  
Colin Kippen  
Charles Y. Koseki  
Paul K. Lau

## SECRETARY EX-OFFICIO PAUL H. C. CHUNG PENSION TRUSTEES (Police, Fire, Band)

Chairman ..... Joseph J. McGettigan  
Members—  
George K. Cash  
Leonard D. Y. Wong

## SECRETARY EX-OFFICIO PAUL H. C. CHUNG PLANNING COMMISSION

Chairman ..... Cyril W. Lemmon  
Members—  
George Centeio  
Tsutomu Izumi  
Thomas N. Yamabe II  
William R. Norwood

Planning  
Director ..... Leighton S. C. Louis  
Budget Director  
Ex-Officio ..... Paul K. Keppeler  
Managing Director  
Ex-Officio ..... Charles G. Clark

## ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS

Chairman ..... R. Gibson Rietow  
Members—  
Henry Chun Hoon  
Harold K. Kometani

## POUNDMASTERS

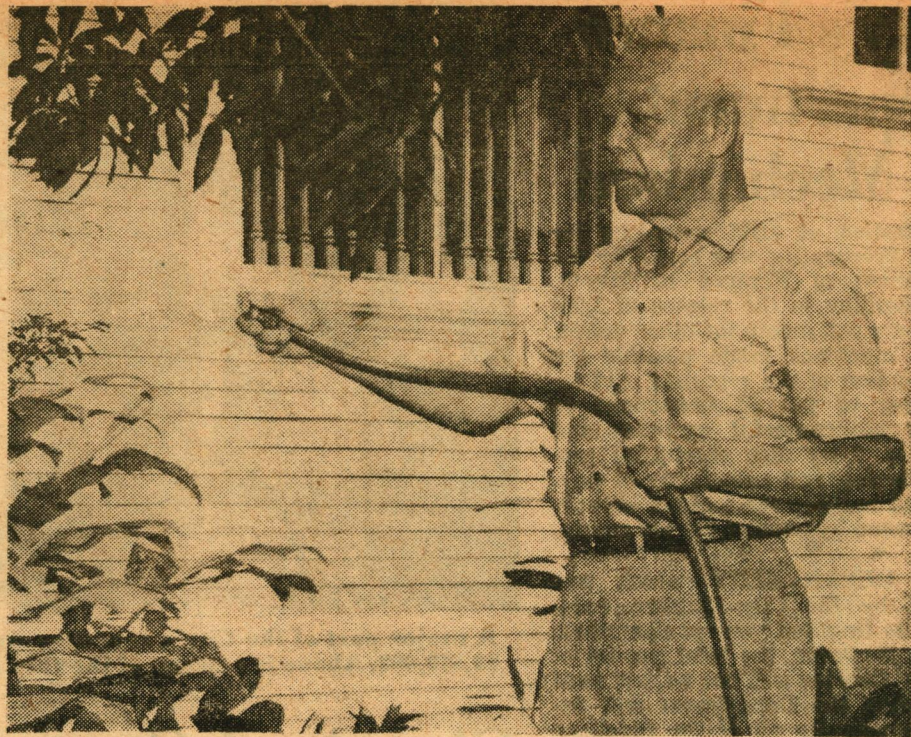
Waianae Area ..... George M. Oshiro  
Hauula Area ..... Edmund Hedemann  
Kailua-Koolau Area

## REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

Chairman ..... Frank D. Gibson  
Members—  
Clarence Chun Hoon  
Hakumasa Hamamoto  
Herbert K. Keppeler  
Frank Mendoza, Jr.

## AGENCY MANAGER LEE MAICE RENT CONTROL COMMISSION

Chairman ..... David Owens  
Members—  
Frederic K. T. Chun  
Kenneth R. Nakano  
Ichini Naramoto  
Director ..... Oliver C. Soares



Enjoying life at an easier pace is James A. Goo who retired on December 1, 1960, after 48 years and 2½ months in government service. He has the distinction of having worked for the City and County longer than anyone else. He was with the Department of Public Works. He is shown doing what he now enjoys most, "puttering around the yard and watering the plants" at his home at the corner of Lunalilo and Pensacola Sts.

## Veteran Employees Win Service Awards

Certificates of Merit were presented to 192 City and County employees at Aloha Week ceremonies in the City Hall patio. Honored were employees with 25 years or more of service and retired workers with 10 years or more of service.

Receiving certificates from Mayor Blaisdell were:

AUDITOR'S OFFICE — Nip Tong Akona, Arthur Louis and James Sakai.

BAND — George Hookano, Joseph Iokia, Wallace Jeremiah, Simeon Kekauike and Duke Watson.

BUDGET — Robert A. Lee.  
CIVIL SERVICE — Hung Dau Ching.

CLERK — Walter Azevedo, Emperor A. Hanapi, Charles Y. Kam, Edward Leong and Leila F. Vannatta.

FINANCE — Albert B. Loebenstein, Robert M. Sato and Koon Hung Sunn.

HEALTH — Faustino A. Bayaca, Josephine I. Kaai, John M. Kamana, Dr. David I. Katsuki, George Lin Liu, Kapulani Makahanohano and Jack G. Nagata.

PARKS AND RECREATION — David Kaapu, James H. Kamaka, Pua Kapulani, Antone Louis, Carmelo Mattos, Annie McShane, Ethel Mori, Shinichi Murakami, Albert Souza, Peter Victor, Thelma Wicke, Henry Yamasaki and Alfred Yee.

HONOLULU REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY — J. Stowell Wright.

SHERIFF — F. Lang Akana, Moses Branco, Brickwood K. Cummins, Duke P. Kahanamoku, Louis K. Kahanamoku, Fred V. Kramer and Mary Lou Young.

TRAFFIC — William Bisho, Albert Jardine, John Kaanapu, William K. Kao, David K. Kanei, William Fook Lee, Sylvester J. Lemes, Thomas K. Lopes, Harry K. Makanoa, William H. Pascoe, Ida Rodrigues, Seichi Sato, Joseph Sereno, William Stephenson and Minoru Takanobu.

TREASURER — Lawrence S. Goto and Moses K. Kekahio.

## PUBLIC WORKS

CHIEF ENGINEER'S OFFICE — Harriet N. Cockett, James Goo, Violet Hashimoto, James Izumi, Francis Kwock, Moses Nalua and Clara A. C. Yuen.

AUTOMOTIVE EQUIPMENT SERVICE — Cornelius V. Aiu, James Aoki, K. P. Lee, Joshua Napua, Edward Pea and Robert Ferreira.

LAND — William E. Cockett, Daniel Kealalio, Lee Lai, Alan S. Lloyd and Arthur C. Soon.

DIVISION OF ENGINEERING — Merrill Akana, Charles Apa, Sadaichi Dodo, Sam Ing, John Kapukui Sr., Benedict Kong, Joseph Lin, Walter Matsumoto, Ernest K. T. Pong, Earl Stephenson, Robert Via and Henry Young.

DIVISION OF SEWERS — Frank Arial, Henry Y. Chang, William H. Hong, James L. Louis, John L. Medeiros, Joseph F. Serrao, John J. Souza and Mike Tavares.

REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL — Samson K. Among, Manuel S. Andrade Jr., Juliet Apiki, Enrique Balentine, Charles Barboza, Theodore Baumann, Joaquin Bee, James Bell, Cecil A. Boyd, Ernest N. Chang, John R. Gonsalves, Llewellyn H. L. Hart, Melvin Holt, Antone Jardine, Sniffen Joseph, Peter Kahalekomo, George N. Kahapea Sr., James S. Kahele Jr., Thomas Kakalia, Robert Kaleiheana, Joseph Kaleikini, Daniel M. Kamalani and Kenneth Kanemura.

Also, Joseph Keawe, Carl Kelly, Michael Keone, Solomon Konn, Teddy Kurano, Toshio Kurata, Francis Y. Y. Lau, David Lindsey, Henry A. Lopes, Robert Machado, Yoshio Matsumoto, Edward McShane, Frank Mendiola, Alexander Neill, William Pahia, Noah Spencer, Carl Vickery, Victor Vierra, Joseph Waiwaiola, Haruo Yamanaka, William K. Young and Willie Zen.

DIVISION OF ROAD MAINTENANCE — Thomas Achiu, Charles Aguiar, Seiji Asano, Eli Crabbe, Manuel DeMello, Hartwell Doane, Emmerine Drew, George Harbottle, Noboru Hayashida, Joseph Hoapili, George Iyoki, David Kaai, Daniel P. Kaaiawaawa, Dan Kaloa, James Kalua, Sam Kamae, Pua Kamakee-iana, Shigeru Kanegawa, John Kanekoa, John Kaniaupio, Sam Kano-ko, Lucian Keane and Paia Keehuka.

Also, Hitoshi Kubota, Yoneichi Kurano, Mun Ping Leong, Charles L. Leu, A. Y. Lum, Henry H. K. Lum, Andrew Makua, Andrew Mark, William Nicholas, Edward S. Nitta, James Nuhi, Masao Oguma, Alfred C. Oliveira, Joseph Paio, Frank E. Paloney, Hamilton S. Rodrigues, Hosai Shiratori, David Simeona, Philip Valpoon, Masaichi Watanabe, George Wood, Joseph Wright and Hung Yew Yuen.



# City's Finance Department Is Mechanized

Utilization of IBM machines for payroll preparation was begun by the Department of Finance in March, 1960, resulting in the release of 1,200 man-hours per month for other duties. The machines made possible the consolidation of the reporting and remittances of payroll deductions to various governmental agencies and assignees. They also eliminated repetitive typing and calculating of pay-rolls and reduced the number of war-rants issued by about 2,400 per month.

THE DEPARTMENT, which was created by the City Charter, completed its first full year of operations in 1960. However, the total impact of the City Charter will not be felt until 1961, when the Department will assume practically all of the functions of the offices of the Auditor and Treasurer.

The City ended 1960 with a surplus of \$1,227,853.

Its revenues for the past year totaled \$41,929,403, an increase of \$4,-061,702 over that of 1959.

MAJOR INCREASES in revenues were reflected in the real property tax (\$2,572,247), general excise tax (\$944,998), and State grants-in-aid (\$961,023).

From the 1960 revenues, \$4,632,109 was used for the capital improve-ment program. Debt service charges totaled \$6,896,537, an increase of \$1,-485,457 over 1959.

BONDED INDEBTEDNESS of the City as of December 31, 1960, was \$71,680,000 and statutory indebtedness to the State \$27,942,503, making a total of \$99,622,503. The City issued \$8,000,000 for general obligation bonds during 1960 and redeemed \$1,353,000 of City's general obligation and \$1,-410,056 of State bonds. It ended the year with a net constitutional legal debt margin of \$78,366,960.

The Purchasing Division processed 21,736 requisitions and 32,402 purchase orders for a total of \$6,306,042 in pur-chases.

## Charter Places City Under New Fiscal Program

For the first time in the history of the City and County, a six-month operating budget was prepared in 1960.

This was because the City Charter, which went into full effect on Jan-uary 1, 1961, provided that the fis-cal year was to be the calendar year until June 30, 1961, and there-after from July 1 to June 30.

THE OFFICE of the Budget Di-rector, therefore, was concerned largely with the change - over in budgeting procedures.

The preparation of the operating budget for the first half of 1961 was complicated by the fact that taxes are collected on a calendar year basis. The budget thus was based on one half of the estimated revenues for the calendar year 1961 from real property tax, motor vehicle weight taxes, public utility franchise tax and the amounts estimated as realiz-able during the first six months of 1961 from other revenue sources.

THE OFFICE feels that legislation must be enacted to change the col-lection of taxes to conform with the change in fiscal year.

The 1960 operating budget adopted totaled \$39,770,527 while the capital improvement budget adopted was \$26,530,500.



A major part of the City's revenues comes from motor and other vehicle taxes which in 1960 totaled \$3,579,692. Above is a scene of the City Hall patio as persons line up to pay motor vehicle registrations.

## City And County Finances Revenues

Real Property Tax .....	\$16,280,288
General Excise Tax .....	9,782,342
Fuel Tax .....	3,846,945
Public Utility Franchise Tax .....	784,109
Motor Vehicle & Other Vehicle Taxes .....	3,579,692
License Fees and Permits .....	1,199,424
Court Fines and Bail Forfeitures .....	884,691
State Grants-in-Aid .....	2,963,098
Refuse Collection & Disposal Charges .....	569,551
All Other .....	2,039,263

<b>Total Revenues</b> .....	<b>\$41,929,403</b>
Reserve for Encumbrances—January 1 .....	2,331,108
Unencumbered Surplus—January 1 .....	3,265,529

**Total Revenues, Reserves and Surplus** .....

<b>Expenditures</b>	
General Government .....	\$ 3,060,414
Police Protection .....	4,787,255
Fire Protection .....	3,073,820
Other Protection .....	1,625,759
Highways .....	4,614,742
Sanitation and Waste Removal .....	3,814,302
Health and Public Welfare .....	2,631,956
School Maintenance and Operation .....	4,833,539
Parks and Recreation .....	2,383,930
Debt Service .....	6,896,537
Pension and Retirement Contributions .....	2,086,941
All Other .....	234,056

<b>Total Expenditures</b> .....	<b>\$40,043,251</b>
Reserve for Encumbrances—December 31 .....	1,572,827
Reserve for Transfer to General Emergency .....	
Reserve Fund .....	50,000
Transfer to Public Improvement Fund for .....	
Capital Improvement Program .....	4,632,109
Unencumbered Surplus—December 31 .....	1,227,853

**Total Expenditures, Reserves and Surplus** .....

## Spending Checked By Auditor's Staff

The Office of the Auditor ceased to operate at the close of 1960, in accordance with the City Charter, and its functions were transferred in Jan-uary to the Department of Finance.

In 1960 the Field Audit and Sys-tems Division completed 33 fiscal au-dits, three inventory examinations

and four statements of cash counts of treasury.

The Disbursement Division issued a total of 130,758 warrants amounting to \$108,660,083. These included 81,064 warrants totaling \$25,466,759 for pay-rolls and 49,694 warrants for general claims totaling \$83,193,324.

## Modern Refuse Facilities Planned

Modernization and expansion of refuse disposal facilities and landfill sites began in 1960, when planning for renovation of incinerators and site acquisition were undertaken by the Division of Refuse Collection and Disposal.

DURING THE YEAR, the Divi-sion collected 930,729 cubic yards of garbage, rubbish and other refuse and disposed of 1,398,702 cubic yards, the difference being provided by oth-

er government collection agencies and private collectors.

To accommodate the increasingly heavy load, a site makai of Koko Head crater was acquired for sani-tary landfill. This operation was to begin in 1961, to supplement the dis-posal facilities during renovation of the Kewalo and Kapalama incinera-tors.

SITES AT Waipahu and other sub-

## Treasurer's Office Reports Increase In City's Business

Public funds ranging from \$24,283,-505 to \$39,789,624 were held in the custody of the City and County Treasurer during 1960.

Investments securities amounting to \$4,805,400 were also held in safe-keeping for accounts of the Honolulu Redevelopment Agency and the Board of Water Supply and its Su-burban Divisions.

CASH BALANCES of all funds on December 31, totaled \$39,232,702. In-terest earned on bank deposits amounted to \$390,570.

To finance the share of property owners in five improvement dis-tricts, who elected to pay their as-sessments in installments, the Treas-urer was authorized to issue im-provement district bonds totaling \$1,-352,130. A total premium of \$16,803 was realized on the sale of these bonds.

ASSESSMENT collections for the year from 101 improvement dis-tricts totaled \$1,251,321. Improve-ment district bonds called for re-demption totaled \$789,802.

Increases were recorded in all but two of the other activities of the of-ice as compared to the previous year. These were: Business licenses, 9,998, down 1.74 per cent; motor ve-hicles, 182,419, up 9.46 per cent; trail-ers, 4,132 up 15.87 per cent; non-resident motor vehicle permits, up 2.21 per cent; motor vehicle owner-ship transfers, 81,511, up 10.66 per cent; duplicate vehicle certificates, 15,308, up 11.23 per cent; dog li-censes, 23,101, down 3.89; bicycle li-censes, 20,820, up 5.19 per cent.

COIN COLLECTIONS from street parking and off-street parking lots totaled \$520,325, an increase of 33.95 per cent over 1959.

The office of the Treasurer was abolished by the City Charter at the end of the year and its functions taken over in January, 1961, by the Department of Finance.

In addition to refuse collection and disposal, the Division also is respon-sible for street cleaning, and re-moved 10,274 cubic yards of rubbish from 78,968 miles of streets cleaned in 1960.